# Pupil premium statement.

### **Stanley Grove Primary and Nursery School**

This has been completed in line with the DfE's <u>Using Pupil Premium</u> guidance and the EEF guide to <u>using your pupil premium effectively</u>.

## **Pupil premium strategy statement**

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2021 to 2022 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

### **School overview**

Detail	Data
School name	Stanley Grove Primary and Nursery School
Number of pupils in school	177 FTE
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	12.5%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2021/2022 to 2024/2025
Date this statement was published	December 2021
Date on which it will be reviewed	July 2022
Statement authorised by	Standards and Pupils Committee
Pupil premium lead	Joanne Frost, Headteacher
Governor / Trustee lead	Mahmud Nawaz, lead for disadvantaged pupils

## **Funding overview**

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£34,970
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£3770
School Led Tutoring funding	£3,240
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£41980
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	

## Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

### Statement of intent

Our intention is that all pupils, irrespective of their background or the challenges they face, make good progress and achieve high attainment across all subject areas. We aim to identify any needs from the day children walk into school, with a focus on children's development and early language skills via assessment and the employment of a SALT. Wave 1 high quality teaching, supplemented by high quality support and interventions, is a priority and support staff are used effectively to teach interventions for a time limited period where required. This priority on the use of TA is proven to have the most impact for pupils based on our own experience of using TAs like this for the past 8 years plus EEF Best use of teaching assistant document. We have an approach where we expect children to keep up, and not need to catch up. A focus on phonics and early reading skills also means that our pupils have the best chance of success across the curriculum.

We will consider the challenges faced by vulnerable pupils, such as those who have a social worker and young carers. The activity we have outlined in this statement is also intended to support their needs, regardless of whether they are disadvantaged or not.

We use our own high quality staff to deliver high quality interventions, support and tutoring, as they know the children and our priorities well.

Our approach will be responsive to common challenges and individual needs, rooted in robust diagnostic assessment, not assumptions about the impact of disadvantage. The approaches we have adopted complement each other to help pupils excel. To ensure they are effective we will:

- ensure disadvantaged pupils are challenged in the work that they're set
- act early to intervene at the point need is identified
- adopt a whole school approach in which all staff take responsibility for disadvantaged pupils' outcomes and raise expectations of what they can achieve

# **Challenges**

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Assessments, observations, and discussions has identified that an increasing amount of pupils joining our school have language development delays and Speech and language problems. In the past, children have missed school to attend SAL sessions, as well as experiencing issues in the changes in therapists. We also have had a minority of children who could not attend appointments in the past due to parent's lack of engagement and attendance at external appointments.
2	Assessments and observations in the past, has highlighted disadvantaged pupils generally have greater difficulties with phonics than their peers which negatively impacted on their development as readers. Due to our focus on phonics and 1:1 keep up tuition, this has not been the case for the last 2 years. We will continue to invest in our current practice to maintain this.
3	Internal assessments indicate that writing attainment among some of our disadvantaged pupils is below that of non-disadvantaged pupils, particularly where SEND is also an issue, which is a trend we are seeing since lockdown. The outcomes may remain low whilst teachers deliver high quality lessons which were not able to be delivered as effectively during lockdown. This will impact outcomes for this and next year.
4	Our assessments and observations indicate that the education and well- being of many of our disadvantaged pupils have been impacted by par- tial school closures to a greater extent than for other pupils. These find- ings are supported by national studies.
	This has resulted in knowledge gaps leading to pupils not being targeted against FFT 50 – 20 predictions in some year groups, especially in writing.
5	Parents requests for support for children due to anxiety or mental health issues has increased significantly and school has required the need for a learning mentor to meet the needs of these pupils. This needs to be maintained due to the demand and the quality of her work she does with the pupils.
	Due to limitations of the building, we continue to have issues with appropriate space to support the well-being sessions for these pupils. School have applied for a separate grant to enable us to have adequate area to deliver this provision.
6	Attendance for disadvantage is consistently lower than non-disadvantaged, however, this is due to a small number of families and not the whole PP group.

	This impacts negatively on their progress and creates gaps in their knowledge.
7.	Whilst children are proficient in phonics and reading, the need for fluency to aid comprehension is an area to continue to develop for some of our disadvantaged pupils.

## **Intended outcomes**

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Improved oral language skills and vocabulary among disadvantaged pupils and access to early and on site assessment and work with SALT.	Assessments and observations indicate significantly improved oral language among disadvantaged pupils. This is evident when triangulated with other sources of evidence, including engagement in lessons, book scrutiny and ongoing formative assessment.  Parents have access to SALT and are able to support their child in sessions and at home.
Improved reading attainment among disadvantaged pupils.	KS2 reading outcomes in 2024/25 show that disadvantaged pupils met the expected standard where SEND is not an issue.
	Phonics remains above 90% and disadvantage pupils pass (where there is no high SEND or new to school)
Improved writing attainment for disadvantaged pupils at the end of KS2.	KS2 writing outcomes in 2024/25 show that disadvantaged pupils met the expected standard where SEND is not an issue.
To achieve and sustain improved wellbeing for all pupils in our school, particularly our disadvantaged pupils, through the use of our curriculum and outdoor learning leader and learning mentor.	Sustained high levels of wellbeing from 2024/25 demonstrated by:  • qualitative data from student voice, student and parent surveys and teacher observations
To achieve and sustain improved attendance for all pupils, particularly our disadvantaged pupils.	<ul> <li>Sustained high attendance from 2024/25 demonstrated by:</li> <li>The attendance gap between disadvantaged pupils and their non-disadvantaged peers being reduced and in line with their peers.</li> </ul>

## Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

Green = completed, Amber = started and ongoing, red = not completed

## **Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)**

Budgeted cost: £5200

Assessment papers £430

Jolly Phonics £700

Reading leader – subject development and training release £3,870

Support staff training cover costs £200

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Purchase standardised diagnostic assessments.  Training for staff to ensure assessments are interpreted and administered correctly.	Standardised tests can provide reliable insights into the specific strengths and weaknesses of each pupil to help ensure they receive the correct additional support through interventions or teacher instruction:  Standardised tests   Assessing and Monitoring Pupil Progress   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF	1, 2, 3, 4
Continue to deliver Jolly Phonics to maintain strong phonics teaching for all pu- pils and deliver weekly train- ing, coaching and monitoring sessions.	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base that indicates a positive impact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils:  Phonics   Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF	2
Enhancement of our writing curriculum planning in line with DfE and EEF guidance.  We will fund teacher time to attend staff meetings and to deliver high quality writing tuition and intervention.  We will use precision teaching and other interventions to embed basic skills.	The EEF guidance is based on a range of the best available evidence Improving Literacy:  https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/guidance-reports/literacy-ks-1  School work closely with external professionals and implement their recommendations which have a proven track record of success in Wakefield schools.	3, 4

Further embed the quality of social and emotional aspects of learning (SEAL) learning which is embedded in our new RHSE curriculum.  SEAL approaches will be embedded into routine educational practices and supported by professional development and training for staff.	There is extensive evidence associating childhood social and emotional skills with improved outcomes at school and in later life (e.g., improved academic performance, attitudes, behaviour and relationships with peers):  EEF Social and Emotional Learning. pdf(educationendowmentfoundation.or g.uk)	5
Deliver training on reading fluency to staff to further improve practice in school.  Reading leader to be part of the English Hub reading for pleasure programme and disseminate the good practice from this training.	Children need to be proficient in reading in order to be successful across the curriculum. The DfE have invested heavily to support this in the English Hub and Reading for Pleasure programme, evidencing how it values this.	7

# Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £14063

1 to 1 phonics (4 x pm's a week)  $\pm$ 4,625

SALT £5,000

Teacher tutoring £4438

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Purchase of a programme to improve listening, narrative and vocabulary skills for disadvantaged pupils who have relatively low spoken language skills.	Oral language interventions can have a positive impact on pupils' language skills. Approaches that focus on speaking, listening and a combination of the two show positive impacts on attainment:  Oral language interventions   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	1
School will continue to purchase support from NHS so that we have a dedicated Speech and Language therapist who assesses every child on	Our use of SALT during the past 4 years had has a dramatic positive impact on early identification for pupils with language delay and referrals to hospital where required. Time out of school has been minimised due to onsite high quality delivery of a SAL	

entry, works with and sets programmes for children to do in school and at home, make referrals to consultants where required and to provide a drop in and support for parents on the school site, including showing parents how to work with their child to improve speech. Any children and parents can access our SALT in our school when required.	programme. Parents have been supported and also know how to support their child. Early diagnosis and support means that speech problems are identified and addressed on entry to school and continue where required.	
Additional phonics sessions targeted at disadvantaged pupils who require further phonics support. Head teacher is a Literacy Specialist working for Jerry Clay English Hub and delivers training and support in this area.	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base indicating a positive impact on pupils, particularly from disadvantaged backgrounds. Targeted phonics interventions have been shown to be more effective when delivered as regular sessions over a period up to 12 weeks:  Phonics   Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF  Our own data has shown that our results moved from in line and below national to being consistently above national at 90%+	2
Additional writing interventions to be delivered to address writing targets being lower than FFT 50 in 2022.	Schools previous work on writing interventions evidences writing targets being in line with FFT 50 or 20. (see previous data and progress data) Lockdown has impacted on the delivery of wave 1 on site teaching and children now need time to learn and embed writing techniques.	3
Engaging with the National Tutoring Programme to provide a blend of tuition, mentoring and school- led tutoring for pupils whose education has been most impacted by the pandemic. A significant proportion of the pupils who receive tutoring will be disadvantaged, including those who are high attainers.	Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling behind, both one-to-one:  One to one tuition   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)  And in small groups:  Small group tuition   Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF	4

# Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £22717

Learning Mentor sessions: £10,000 (£3000 paid by school budget)
Outdoor Learning sessions: £12,000 (£4, 470 paid by school budget)

Contingency budget: £717

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Whole staff training on behaviour management and our RHSE policy so all staff, including new staff, have clarity of developing our school ethos and improving behaviour across school.	Both targeted interventions and universal approaches can have positive overall effects:  Behaviour interventions   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation n.org.uk)	5
Use of current practice to contact parents when absent. Use of learning mentor to support parents with family issues.	Previous work with parents in this way has had an impact in the school.	6
Enable children to access learning mentor where required and weekly safeguarding and well-being meetings to identify programmes of support where needed will continue to take place. Mental health training to take place for staff to aid this further (separate funding for the training)	The government have high-lighted the need for a mental health practitioner in schools and are providing funding for someone to be trained in this area.	5
Outdoor learning activities to take place with outdoor learning leader to aid the mental health of pupils in school.	Outdoor experiences are well documented to promote positive mental health and well being.	
Contingency fund for acute issues.	Based on our experiences and those of similar schools to ours, we have identified a need to set a small amount of funding aside to respond quickly to needs that have not yet been identified.	All

**Total budgeted cost: £41980** 

# Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

## Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2020 to 2021 academic year.

### Stanley Grove - What we do well.

- We are a small school with teachers that know every child well.
- We undertake continuous appraisal of all children (including PP) termly looking at issues, barriers, actions and monitoring progress.
- Every subject leaders knows every PP child.
- Teaching assistants are used to undertake targeted interventions and this has continued in spite of Covid.
- We use the EEF-supported techniques in how to undertake the interventions.
- We have a strong EYFS, meaning we can bridge the gap early. Interventions including SALT are starting at EYFS.
- We focus on the whole of a pupil, including their academic, social interactions and well-being.

### **Targeted support for Pupil premium**

#### SALT

We employ a SALT for one day a week every alternate Friday. SALT is also being carried out in EYFS and across school where required. Children are assessed on entry, have programmes identified and delivered to aid language and speech development.

#### <u>Attendance</u>

School has introduced a new style attendance and punctuality letters for families causing concern however, due to Covid, we are not issuing penalties at this time and we are mindful of the fact that families will have a greater absence due to Covid this year. We have external support agencies who work with the pupils and the SENDCo is effective in working with parents.

### Subsided Uniforms and School trips

School provides school uniform and PE kit for PP children. Hardship funding is provided where necessary. Meals have been provided by vouchers or food parcels when school has been closed to PP children.

### Tracking

Pupil progress meetings always include the tracking and monitoring of our PP children as a priority. The PP leader monitors the progress of PP students every term gathering standardised scores and other developmental milestones. The PP leader also monitors progression through intervention programmes to show progress and attainment.

#### <u>Support</u>

We use research documents to identify the best practice, e.g. the use of our support assistants linked to interventions. The Head Teacher works for the Jerry Clay English Hub as a Literacy Specialist, so is well placed to monitor and coach the phonics and reading in school, visiting classrooms every week and delivering regular training to all staff teaching phonics. Decodable books are in place for our early readers, and in 1:1 daily catch up sessions happen every day for children at risk of falling behind. Reading is a key priority for all pupils in school.

We have a strong EYFS. Children's early language skills and experiences are of the highest quality and give children the best start possible. Our provision in school is effective and continually invested in so that all pupils access high quality teaching. We have a newly appointed learning mentor who is supporting children and families in school and is able to react quickly to needs. Weekly safeguarding meetings with the team also ensure timely intervention.

### 3 Year Plan:

We have always invested in the children in our schools now. We are proud of the good practise embedded in school. We have evaluated the effectiveness of our use of funding and have identified the strengths and areas, which make the most impact for our PP pupils. As a result of this, we are maintaining the following:

· SALT in school with every pupil assessed on entry

- the use of our TA attached to our interventions (15/28 ppm undertake interventions in school 2020-2021) Interventions PP children include:
  - 1.1:1 Phonics (2 PPM children) KS1
  - 2.Learning plan (9 PPM children)
  - 3.Daily reading (2 PPM children, including 2 SEN)
  - 4. Writing support (4 PPM children, including 1 SEN)
  - 5. Handwriting support (1 PPM child)
  - 6.KS2 Maths intervention/ Catchup -(8 PPM children, including 2 SEN)
  - 7. Spelling support (4 PPM children. including 2 SEN)
  - 8. Additional reading comprehension (7 PPM children, including 3 SEN) KS2
- the high focus on phonics, early language skills and reading in the school and the highly skilled staff who can drive on this. We undertake daily phonics lessons for 45 minutes. Children are assess halftermly to ensure they are correctly grouped for phonics.
- the use of our reciprocal reading in school and our continued focus on high expectations for all. Children read daily for at least 15 minutes, as part of their phonics groups to a reading partner. All children use the reading area every week. Children access a class library of age appropriate books which can be used in school and at home. Children are also listened to by parents and teaching staff. Children are read to daily by their class teacher to promote a love of reading.



Our internal assessments evidence that children PP children achieve ARE where they have been in school or where there are no SEND or other barriers which have impacted on their learning. During lockdown, we offered a place in school for our vulnerable children but not all places were taken and despite 1:1 teaching being set up and offered on line for children at home, not all children used the school computers and data provided to log on for the sessions. This impacted on them achieving ARE also.

In phonics, our priority on this has meant that all PP children have passed during last 2 years. The year 2 pupils who will not pass this year (2 pupils) are new to school and country and new to school plus didn't attend sessions offered in lockdown. This said, dramatic progress of sounds and reading is clearly evident in data and monitoring and the 2 pupils should pass at end of year 2.

Our PP attendance remained below non PP children but this is a small number of families and not the who PP group. This remains a priority and action for the school.

Our assessments and observations indicated that pupil behaviour, wellbeing and mental health were impacted for some pupils last year, primarily due to COVID-19-related issues. We continue to prioritise supporting pupils and families in this area as outlined in plan above.

## **Externally provided programmes**

Programme	Provider